### 2005 DEER Conference

August 24, 2005

## LD Diesels in U.S. Marketplace

## Technical Progress Will Lead to Cost-Effective Business Cases



Charles L. Gray, Jr., Director

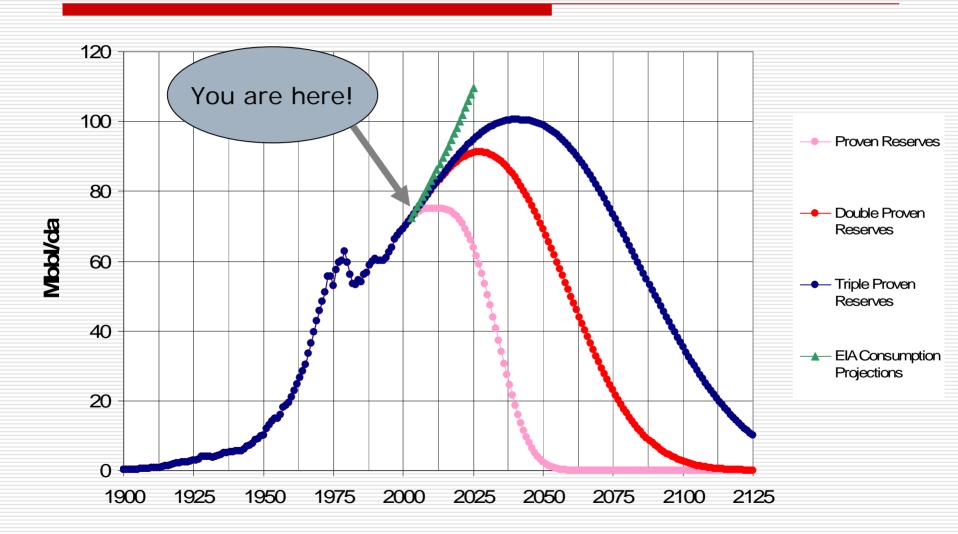
**Advanced Technology Division** 

Office of Transportation and Air Quality U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

# The Drivers for Increasing LD Diesels in US Marketplace

- 1. Expected higher costs of petroleum
- 2. Expected higher costs of petroleum
- 3. Expected higher costs of petroleum
- 4. Expected higher costs of petroleum

## Projections for World Crude Oil Production



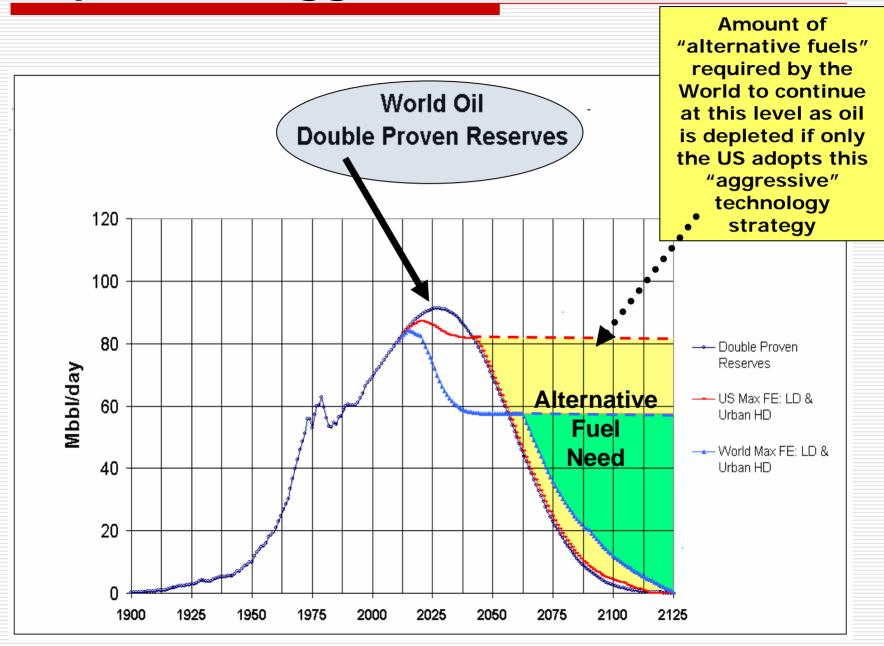
## Transportation in the Pre-Oil Era



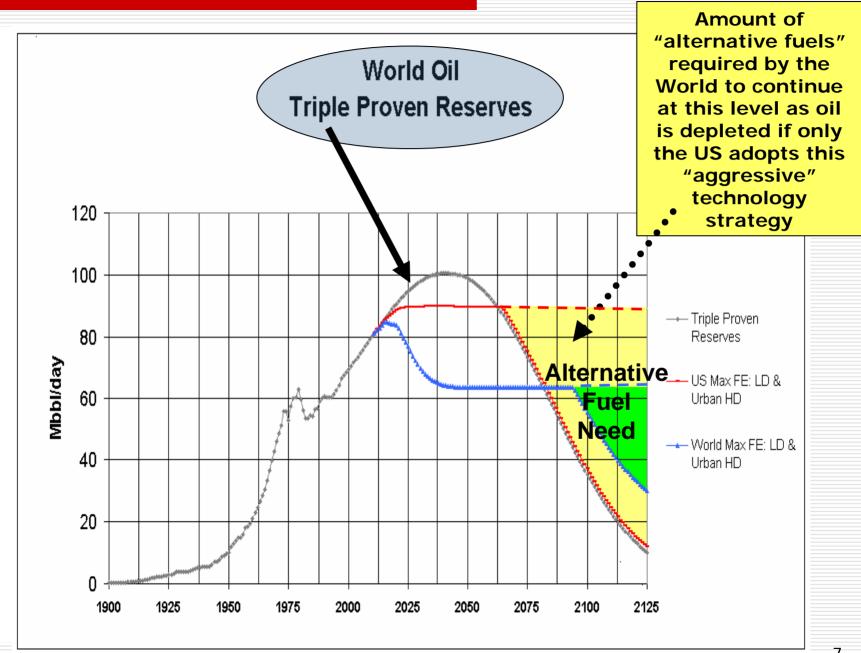
## Transportation in the Post-Oil Era



### Impact of "Aggressive" Conservation



### Impact of "Aggressive" Conservation



## Logical Conclusions...

1. We need fuel conservation - ASAP

- 2. Diesels are the technology which could be implemented quickly and broadly (diesel hybrids, waste heat recovery, further improvements to aero and rolling resistance, weight reductions... will follow)
- 3. Plans for fuel transition should begin ASAP

# State of Clean Diesel Solutions - Making Technical Progress...

## Diesel Options to Meet LD Tier 2 or HD2010 On-Road Emissions Levels

### **NOx Adsorber Aftertreatment**

Viable approach (primary path for compliance)

### **SCR Aftertreatment**

 Infrastructure, cost, significant compliance and enforcement concerns – engine manufacturers responsible for in-use compliance

### Clean Diesel Combustion

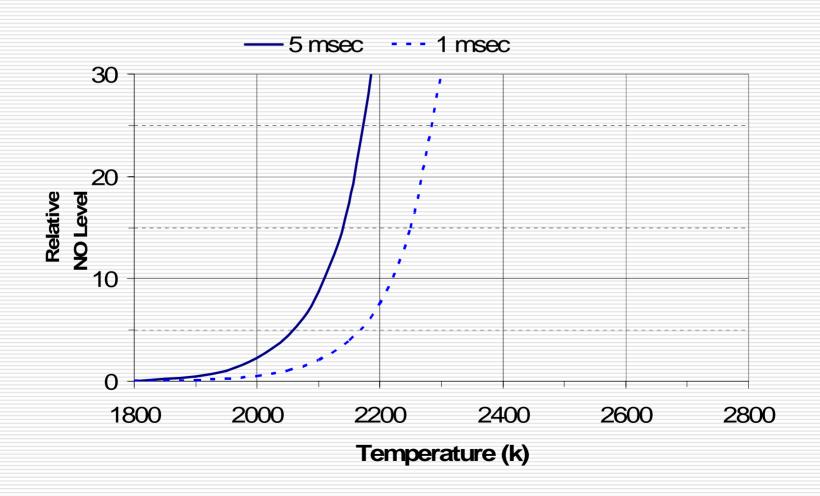
 Control NOx Engine-out & Smoke/PM/HC with Conventional Aftertreatment

### **Clean Diesel Combustion**

- What Is It?
- Initial Results

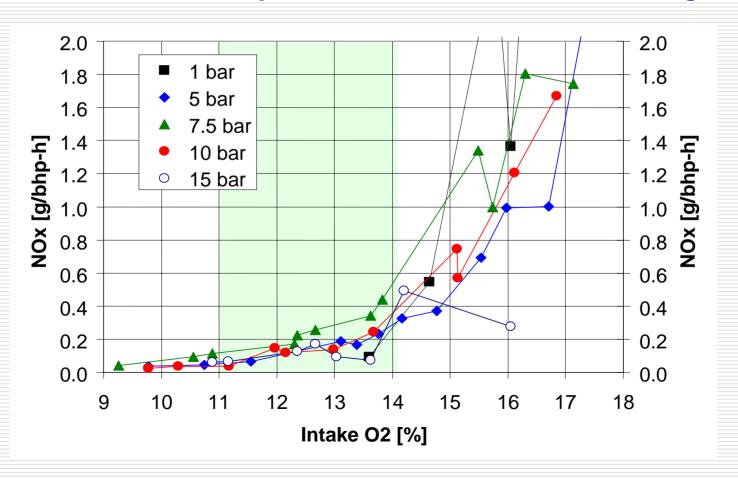
Challenges / Opportunities

# **Basic NOx Production versus Combustion Temperature**



## EPA's Approach to Clean Diesel Combustion NOx Control

If you keep intake oxygen concentration between 11% and 14%, then combustion temperature will be below 2000 Deg K.

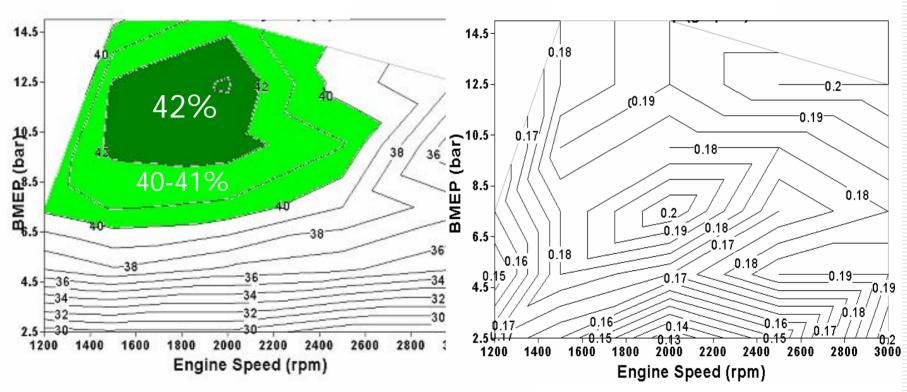


# Good Efficiency with Low Engine-Out NOx

1.9L 4-cyl



### **Brake Specific NOx (g/hp-hr)**



$$P_{exhaust} = P_{input} + .1 Bar$$

NOx below .2 everywhere

## **Update on Clean Diesel Combustion**

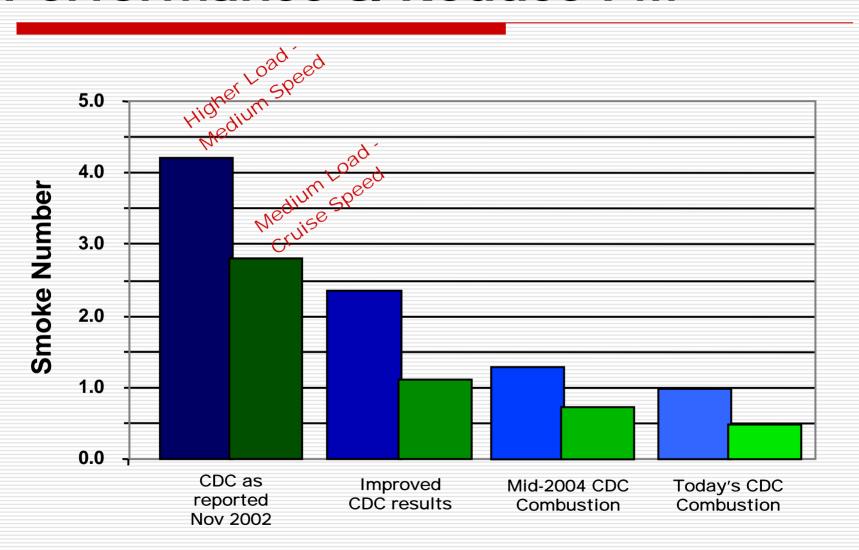
### Initial Vehicle Test Results

Engine	Test I	Fuel Economy (mpg)	HC(g/1	mi) CO	NOx	PM
Stock	FTP city	32	0.05	0.10	0.8	0.028
	FTP hwy	49	0.01	0.02	0.7	0.027
	US06	32	0.01	0.03	1.8	0.069
Tier 2	Bin 5 (120k n	ni)	0.09	4.20	0.07	0.010
CDC	FTP city	30	0.23	1.12	0.06	0.001
	FTP hwy	47	0.10	0.18	0.05	0.0004
	US06	26	0.20	0.07	0.14	0.008

VEHICLE: ~ 4,200 lb test weight

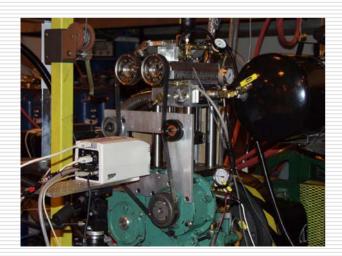
a larger-wagon or mini-van

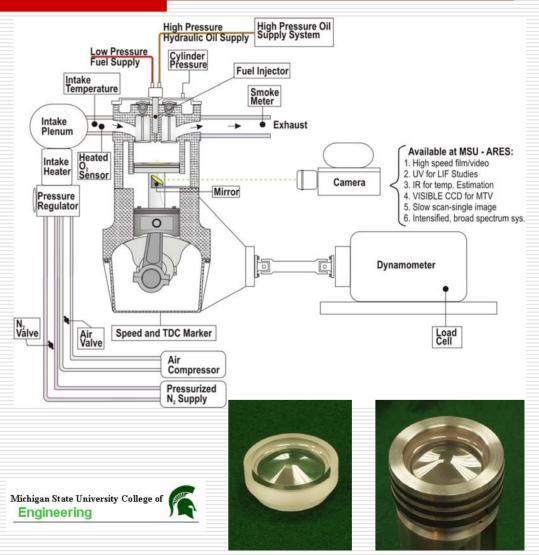
## Continuing to Improve Performance & Reduce PM



# Infrared Combustion Analysis Equipment/Setup

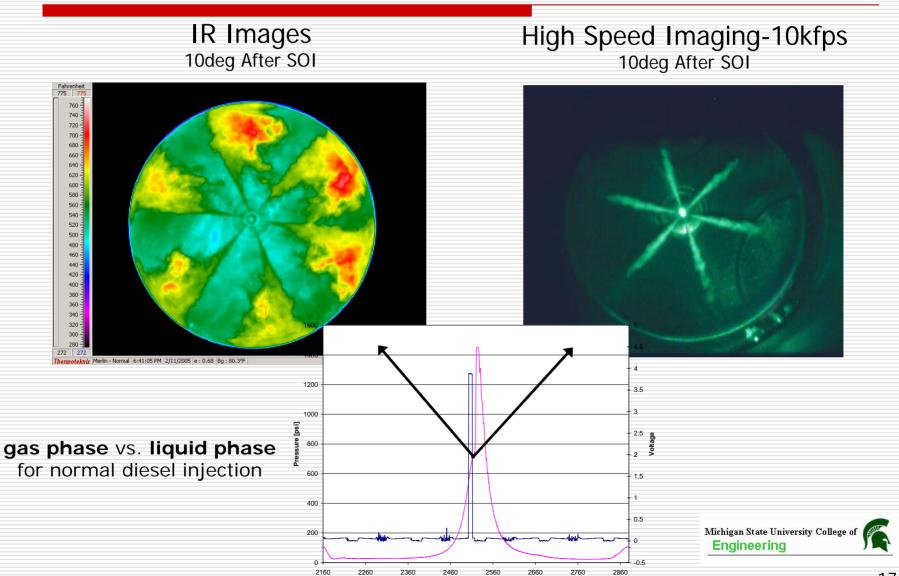
Camera Information						
Camera	Merlin MID					
Manufacturer	FLIR					
Detector Type	InSb					
Detector Cooling	Integral Sterling					
Spectral Range	1.5-5 μm					
Temperature Range	0-2000 °C					
Thermal Sensitivity	0.025 °C *					
Accuracy	± 2 °C, ± 2 % *					
Array Format	320 x 256 FPA					
Image Frequency	60 Hz					
Integration Time	10, 20 μs					
* Dependent on emissivity						





Sapphire Insert & Assembled bowditch piston

## Study of Fuel Injection As it Occurs Just Before Combustion Event

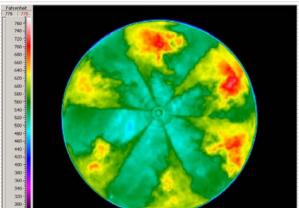


## Normal Diesel Combustion and **Clean Diesel Combustion**

#### **Normal Diesel Combustion**

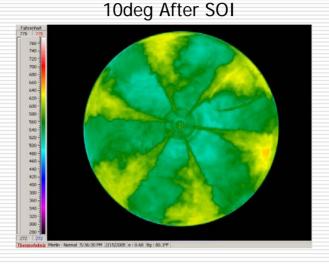
#### **Clean Diesel Combustion**

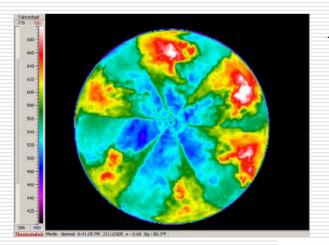
10deg After SOI



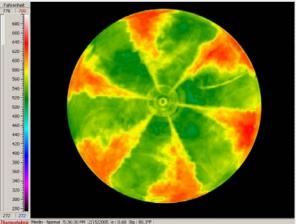
Normal 6:41:05 PM 2/11/2005 e:0.68 Bg:80.3\*

Set Temperature Scale: 272-775 F





Optimized Temperature Scale



### Clean Diesel Combustion

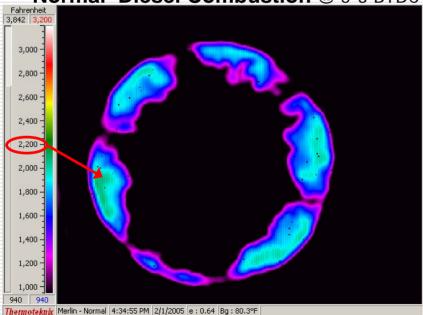
### is COOLER Combustion (~550 °C)

#### **Engine Firing Conditions**

	<b>Engine Load</b>				Commanded	Fueling	Injection	Hydraulic	
Combustion	BMEP	Boost [Bar	Intake O2	Speed	Start of Inj BOI	Rate	Duration	Injection	Peak Cylinder
Mode	[Bar]	Abs]	[%]	[RPM]	[°BTDC]	[kg/hr]	[ms]	Pressure [psi]	Press [Bar
Clean Diesel	10	1.8	13.5	2000*	17.5	1.7	1.02	3000	135
Normal Diesel	10	1.5	20.9	2000*	17.5	1.7	1.02	3000	

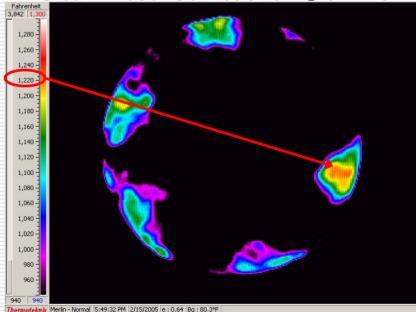
\* Actual test speed was 1500 RPM

#### Normal Diesel Combustion @ 5-3 BTDC



Temp range: 940-3842 F, Exp time: 20 μs, Ini time: 17 BTDC. 20.8% Int O2

#### Clean Diesel Combustion @ 3 BTDC



Temp range: 940-3842 F, Exp time: 20  $\mu$ s, Inj time: 25 BTDC, 108F Intake temp: 13.5% Int O2

